

UTCI

The Universal Thermal Climate Index

COST TC Sept. 30 - Oct. 1, 2004 in Nice

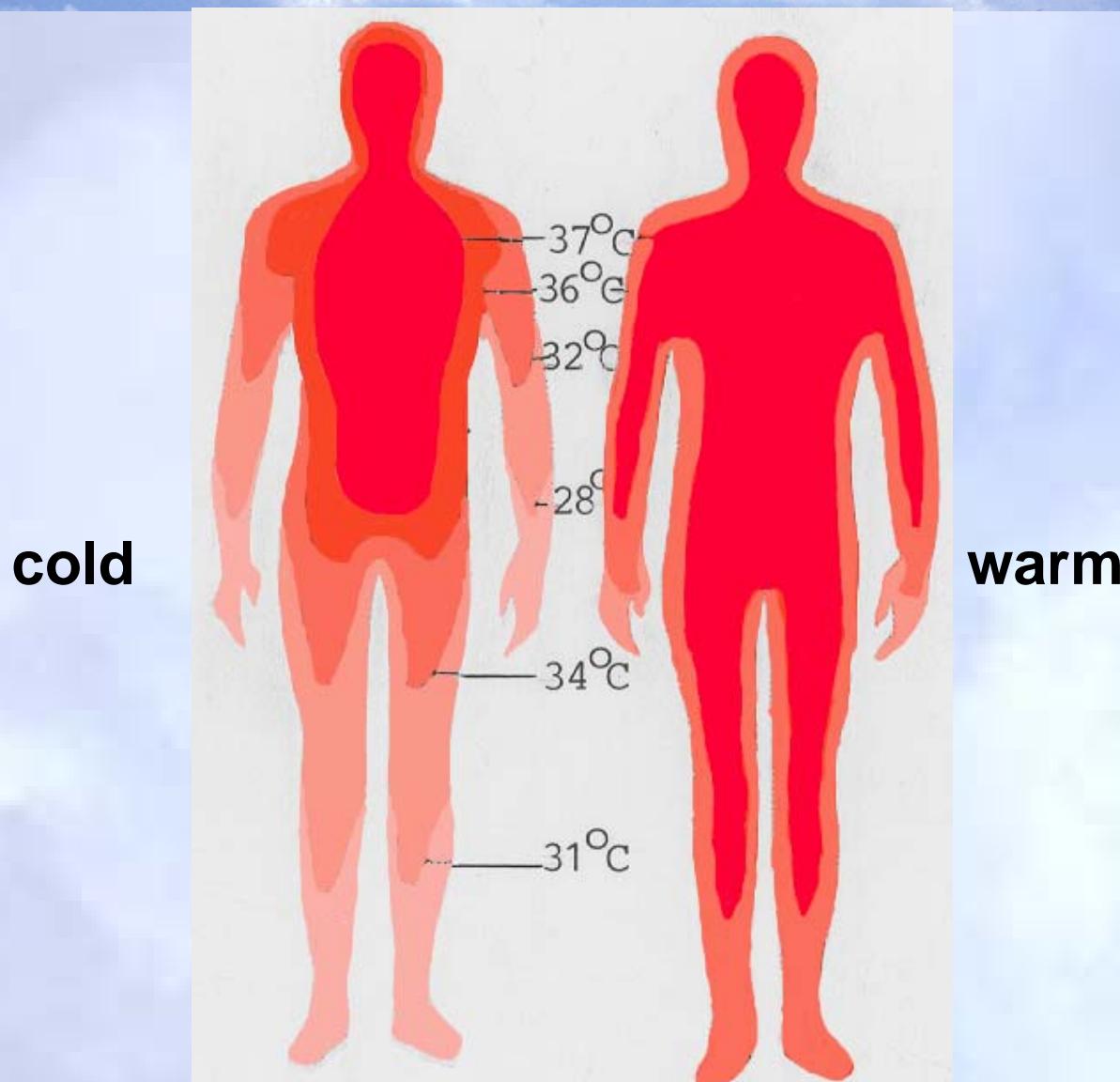
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Freiburg, Germany

ISB

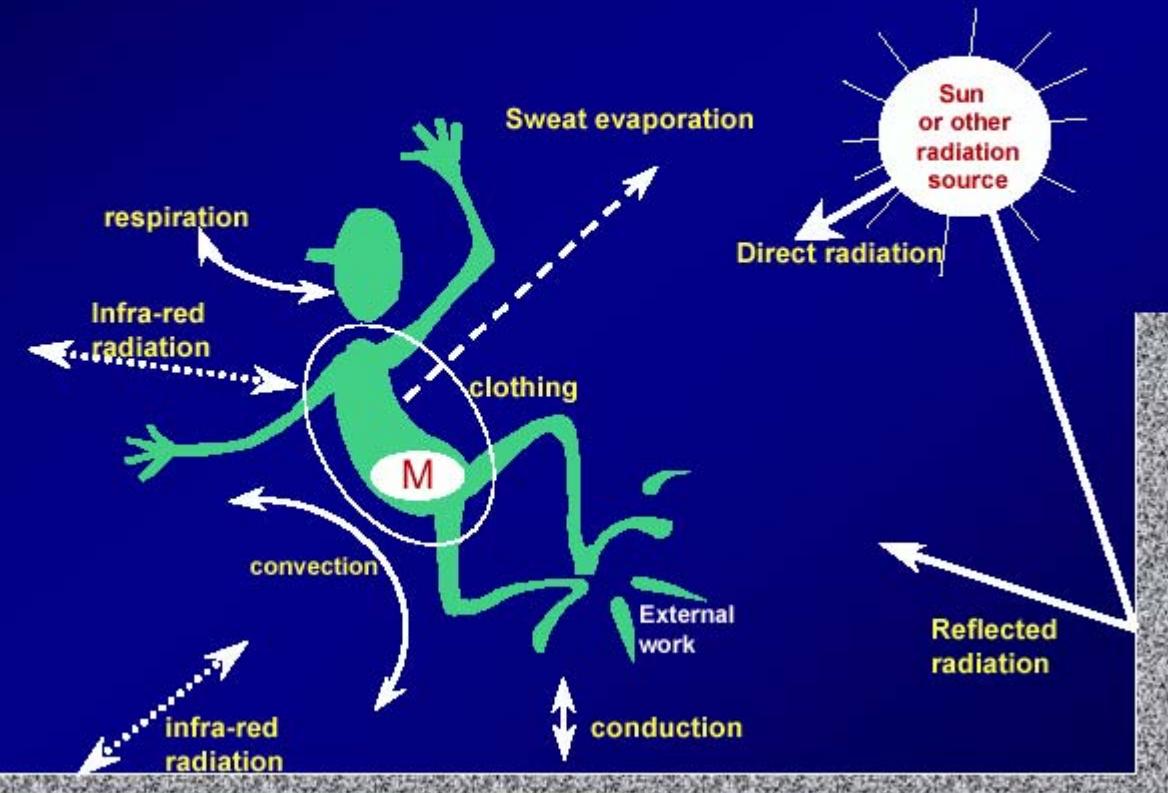
WMO

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Human Biometeorology



Avenues of Heat Exchange



The human heat budget

$$M + W + Q^* + Q_H + Q_L + Q_{SW} + Q_{Re} = 0$$

- M metabolic rate
- W mechanical power
- Q^* radiation budget
- Q_H turbulent flux of sensible heat
- Q_L turbulent flux of latent heat (diffusion of water vapour)
- Q_{SW} turbulent flux of latent heat (sweat evaporation)
- Q_{Re} respiratory heat flux (sensible and latent)

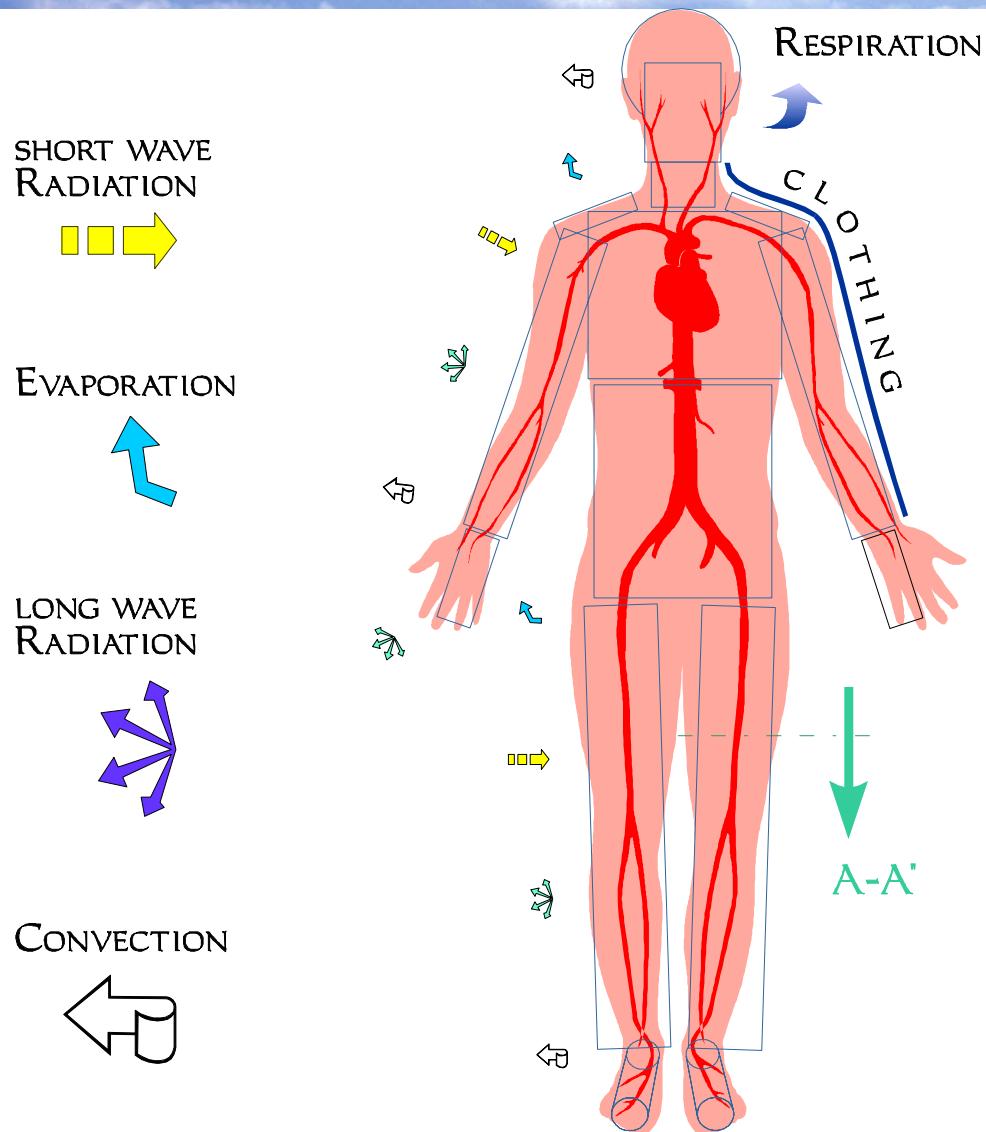
Principle

**Each index value
must result in the same thermophysiological effect
regardless of the combinations the meteorological and
other environmental input values.**

No simple index is able to fulfill this requirement!

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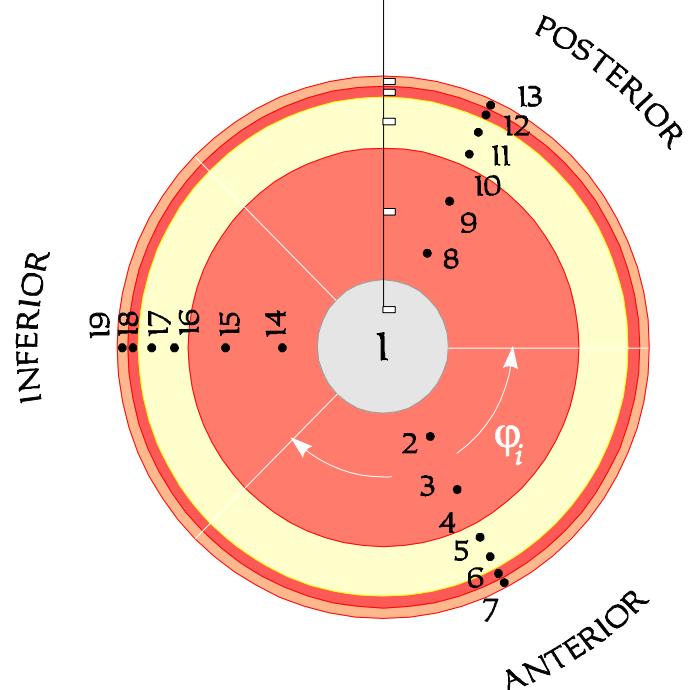
Human Biometeorology



Fiala et al. 2001

OUTER SKIN
INNER SKIN
FAT
MUSCLE
BONE (CORE)

SECTION A-A':

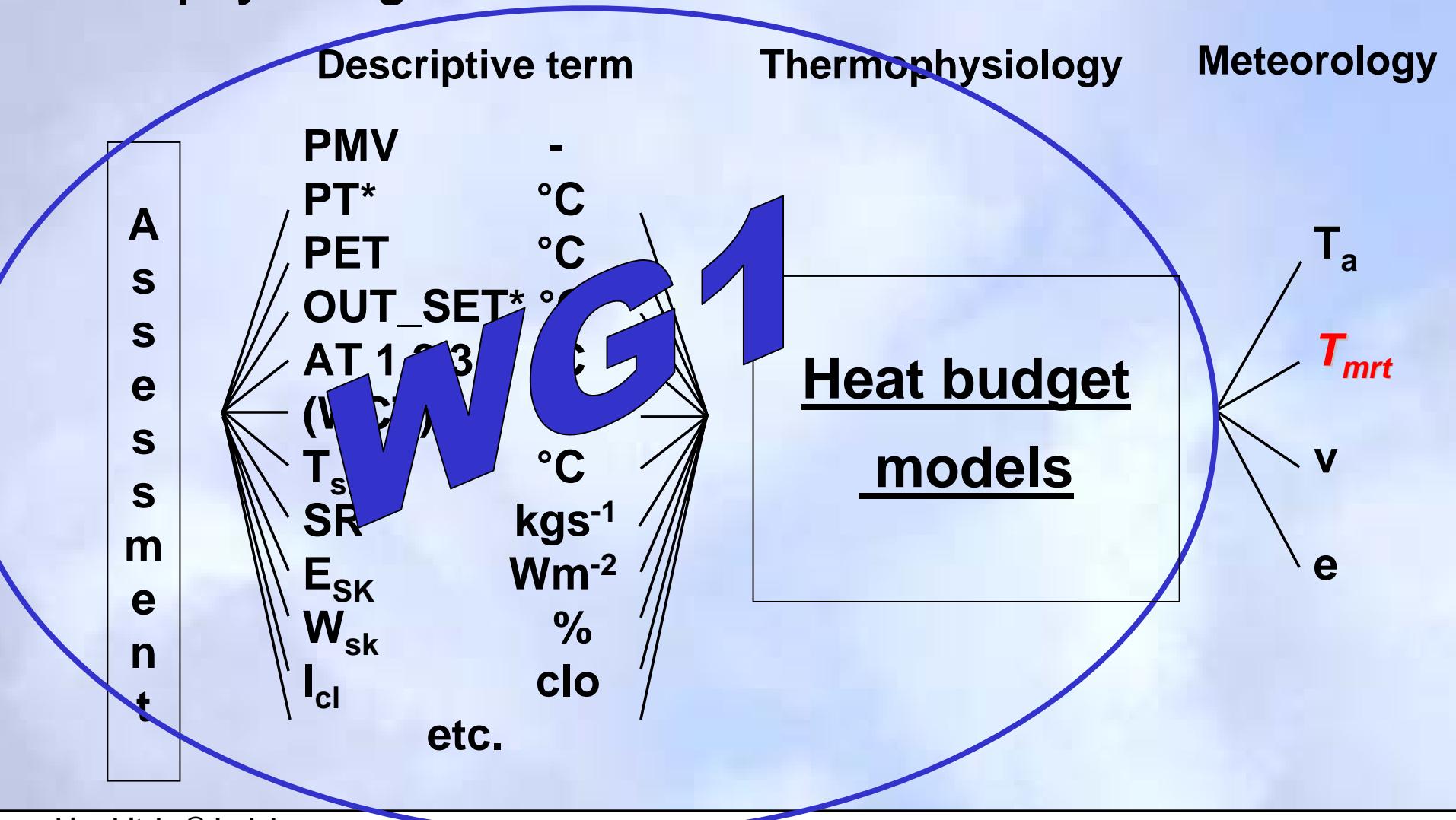


Simulated whole body and local thermophysiological variables

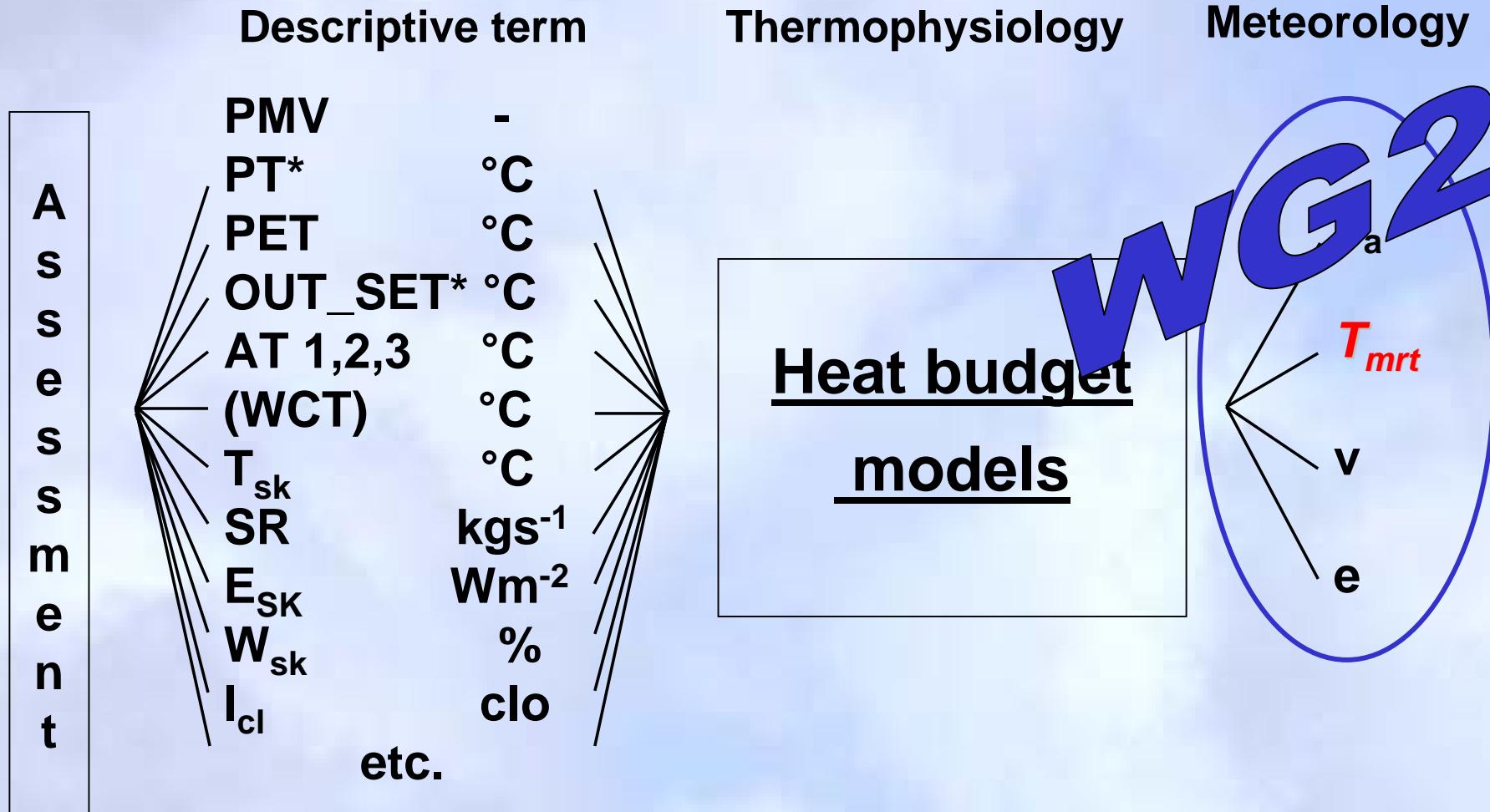
- Mean skin temperature, $T_{sk,m}$
- Head core temperature (hypothalamus), T_{hy}
- Total evaporative heat loss from the skin, E_{sk}
- Skin wettedness, w_{sk}
- Local skin temperatures of face and hands, $T_{sk,f,h}$
- Cooling time for $T_{sk,f,h} < 0^\circ\text{C}$

Assessment problem!

Thermophysiological Assessment of the Thermal Environment



Thermophysiological Assessment of the Thermal Environment



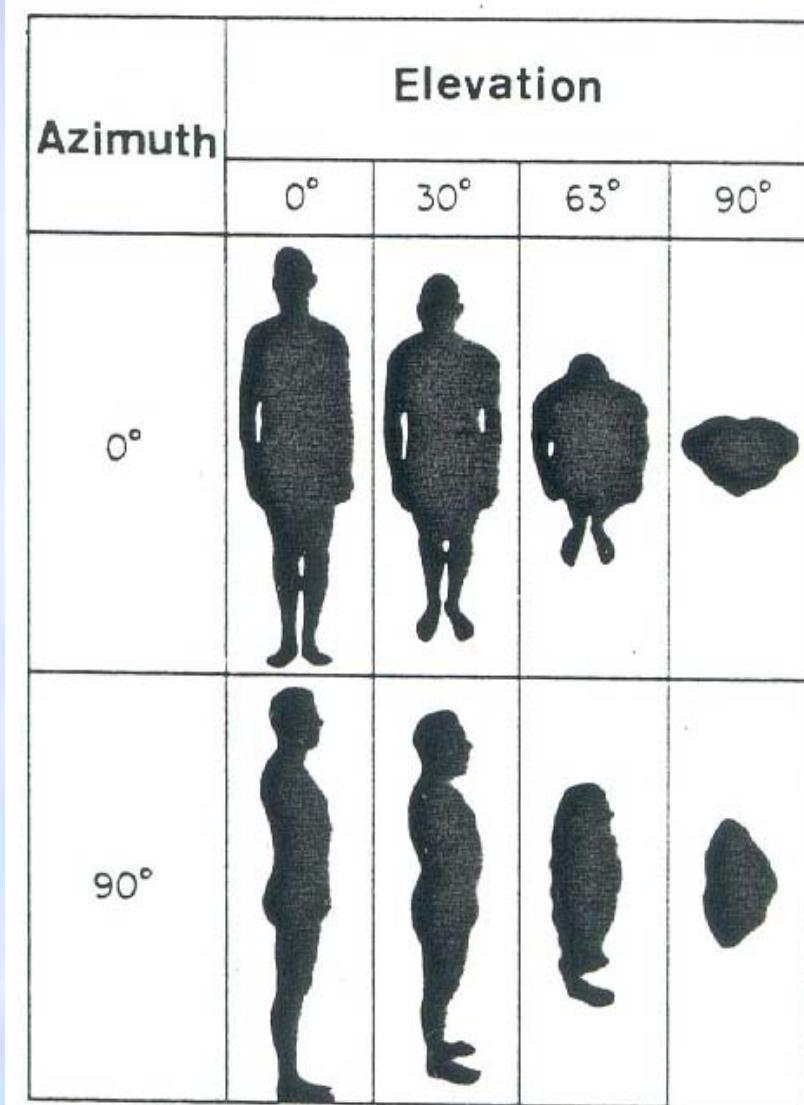
T_{mrt}

**Uniform temperature of a black body enclosure
that results in the same radiant heat exchange
as under actual conditions**

- Direct solar radiation
- Diffuse solar radiation
- Reflected solar radiation
- Infrared radiation from the sky
- Infrared radiation from the surroundings

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Key applications

- Daily forecasts**
 - Public weather service
 - Warnings (heat load (HHWS), cold stress (windchill))
 - Advice (clothing, outdoor activities)

- Climate**
 - Bioclimatological assessments
 - Bioclimate maps in all scales (micro - macro)
 - Urban design, engineering of outdoor spaces
 - Consultancy for where to live
 - Outdoor recreation and climatology
 - Epidemiology
 - Climate impact research

WG 3 Applications

- Public weather service
- Public health system
- Precautionary planning
- Climate impact research

Selected subproblems

- Heat budget modelling WG1
- Assessment of physiological variables WG1
- Acclimatisation WG1
- Meteorological input, in particular radiation → Tmrt WG2
- Definition of areas of validity, requirements WG2
- Applications (Needs of users) WG3

Summary: Basic features of UTCI

- Thermophysiological significant in the whole range of heat exchange conditions
- Valid in all climates, seasons and scales
- Useful for key applications in human biometeorology
- Steady-state conditions → practically useful results
- Independent of individual characteristics
- Prediction of whole body and local thermal effects
- Based on the most advanced multi-node models
- Temperature scale index